

Clinical Policy: Daclatasvir (Daklinza)

Reference Number: OH.PHAR.PPA.06

Effective Date: 01.19 Last Review Date: 12.18 Line of Business: Medicaid

**Revision Log** 

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

## Description

Daclatasvir (Daklinza<sup>™</sup>) is a hepatitis C virus (HCV) NS5A inhibitor.

# **FDA** Approved Indication(s)

Daklinza is indicated for use with sofosbuvir, with or without ribavirin, for the treatment of chronic HCV genotype 1 or 3 infection.

Limitation(s) of use: Sustained virologic response (SVR12) rates are reduced in genotype 3 patients with cirrhosis receiving Daklinza in combination with sofosbuvir for 12 weeks.

#### Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation<sup>®</sup> that Daklinza is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

### I. Initial Approval Criteria

- A. Chronic Hepatitis C Infection (must meet all):
  - 1. Diagnosis of chronic HCV infection as evidenced by detectable serum HCV RNA levels by quantitative assay in the last 90 days;
  - 2. Confirmed HCV genotype is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6; \*Chart note documentation and copies of lab results are required
  - 3. Documentation of treatment status of the member (treatment-naïve or treatment-experienced):
  - 4. Documentation of cirrhosis status of the member (no cirrhosis, compensated cirrhosis, or decompensated cirrhosis);
  - 5. Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, infectious disease specialist or other hepatitis specialist. Consult must be within the past year with documentation of recommended regimen;
  - 6. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
  - 7. Prescribed for use in combination with Sovaldi;
  - 8. For genotype 1a with cirrhosis, laboratory testing confirming the absence of NS5A resistance associated polymorphisms at amino acid positions M28, Q30, L31 and V03.
  - 9. Member has at least one of the following contraindications to Mayyret (a or b):



- a. Decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Pugh B or C) confirmed by lab findings and clinical notes;
- b. Receiving treatment with efavirenz or atazanavir; \*See Appendix F for additional details on acceptable contraindications
- 10. Member does not have limited life expectancy (less than 12 months) due to non-liver-related comorbid conditions;
- 11. Documentation in provider notes (**must be submitted**) showing that member has had no abuse of alcohol and drugs for the previous 6 months. **MUST submit** urine drug screen for members with history of abuse of drugs other than alcohol. Counseling **MUST** be provided and documented regarding non-abuse of alcohol and drugs as well as education on how to prevent HCV transmission;
- 12. Documentation of Metavir Fibrosis score, documentation of the method used and date fibrosis score was obtained;
- 13. Prescriber has discussed the importance of adherence to office visits, lab testing, imaging, procedures and to taking requested regimen as prescribed. Prescriber attests that member will be adherent to treatment plan;
- 14. If prescribed regimen includes ribavirin, the following criteria must be met (must meet all):
  - a. Member or member's partner(s) is NOT pregnant and is NOT planning to become pregnant during treatment or within 6 months of stopping;
  - b. Agreement that member and their partner(s) will use two forms of effective contraception during treatment and for at least 6 months after stopping;
  - c. Verification that monthly pregnancy tests will be performed throughout treatment;
  - d. Members with CrCl <50 ml/min (moderate or severe renal dysfunction, ESRD, HD) should have dosage reduced;
  - e. At the time of request, member does NOT meet any of the following:
    - 1) History of severe or unstable cardiac disease
    - 2) Diagnosis of hemoglobinopathy (e.g., thalassemia major, sickle cell anemia)
    - 3) Hypersensitivity to ribavirin
    - 4) Baseline platelet count <70,000 cells/mm3
    - 5) ANC <1500 cells/mm3
    - 6) Hb <12 g/dl in women or <13 g/dl in men
- 15. Member's current medication list does NOT contain any of the following contraindicated strong CYP3A inducers such as phenytoin, carbamazepine, rifampin and ST. John's Wort. (See Section V Dosage and Administration for dose modifications for certain medications);
- 16. Prescribed regimen is consistent with an FDA or AASLD-IDSA recommended regimen (*see Section V Dosage and Administration for reference*);
- 17. Dose does not exceed 90 mg (1 tablet) per day.

## Approval duration: up to a total of 24 weeks\*

(\*Approved duration should be consistent with a regimen in Section V Dosage and Administration)

#### **B.** Other diagnoses/indications



1. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

# **II. Continued Therapy**

## A. Chronic Hepatitis C Infection (must meet all):

- 1. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
  - b. Documentation supports that member is currently receiving Daklinza for chronic HCV infection and has recently completed at least 60 days of treatment with Daklinza;
- 2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
- 3. Dose does not exceed 90 mg (1 tablet) per day.

# Approval duration: up to a total of 24 weeks\*

(\*Approved duration should be consistent with a regimen in Section V Dosage and Administration)

# **B.** Other diagnoses/indications:

1. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

## III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

**A.** Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid or evidence of coverage documents.

#### IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

AASLD: American Association for the IDSA: Infectious Diseases Society of

Study of Liver Diseases America

APRI: AST to platelet ratio IQR: interquartile range

FDA: Food and Drug Administration MRE: magnetic resonance elastography FIB-4: Fibrosis-4 index NS3/4A, NS5A/B: nonstructural protein

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HBV: hepatitis B virus PegIFN: pegylated interferon

HCC: hepatocellular carcinoma RBV: ribavirin

HCV: hepatitis C virus RNA: ribonucleic acid

HIV: human immunodeficiency virus

#### Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name		Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
Mavyret <sup>TM</sup>	Treatment-naïve:	Mavyret:



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
(glecaprevir/ pibrentasvir	Genotypes 1, 2, or 3	glecaprevir 300 mg/ pibrentasvir 120 mg
	Without cirrhosis: Three tablets PO QD for 8 weeks	(3 tablets) per day
Mavyret <sup>™</sup> (glecaprevir/	Treatment-experienced with IFN/pegIFN + RBV:	Mavyret: glecaprevir 300 mg/
pibrentasvir	Genotypes 1, 2, or 3 Without cirrhosis:	pibrentasvir 120 mg (3 tablets) per day
	Three tablets PO QD for 8 weeks	
	Genotype 3 With componented cirrhosis:	
	With compensated cirrhosis: Three tablets PO QD for 12 weeks	
Mavyret <sup>TM</sup>	Treatment-naïve or treatment-experienced,	Mavyret:
(glecaprevir/	post-liver transplantation in the allograft with	glecaprevir 300 mg/
pibrentasvir	or without compensated cirrhosis: Genotypes 1, 4, 5, or 6	pibrentasvir 120 mg (3 tablets) per day
	Three tablets PO QD for 12 weeks	

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name<sup>®</sup> (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name<sup>®</sup>) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

### Appendix C: Contraindications

- When Daklinza is used in combination with other agents, the contraindications applicable to those agents are applicable to the combination regimen. Refer to the respective prescribing information for a list of contraindications.
- Daklinza is contraindicated in combination with drugs that strongly induce CYP3A and, thus, may lead to lower exposure and loss of efficacy of Daklinza. Contraindicated drugs include, but are not limited to: phenytoin, carbamazepine, rifampin, and St. John's wort.

Appendix D: Approximate Scoring Equivalencies using METAVIR F3/F4 as Reference

Fibrosis/			Radiologic Tests†		Liver Biopsy‡			
Cirrhosis	Fibro Test	FIBRO Spect II	APRI	FIB-4	FibroScan (kPa)	MRE (kPa)	METAVIR	Ishak
Advanced fibrosis	≥0.59	≥42	>1.5	>3.25	≥9.5	≥4.11	F3	F4-5
Cirrhosis	≥0.75	≥42	>1.5	>3.25	≥12.0	≥4.71	F4	F5-6

<sup>\*</sup>Serologic tests:

FibroTest (available through Quest as FibroTest or LabCorp as FibroSure)

FIBROSpect II (available through Prometheus Laboratory)

APRI (AST to platelet ratio index)

FIB-4 (Fibrosis-4 index: includes age, AST level, platelet count)

†Radiologic tests:

FibroScan (transient elastography)

MRE (magnetic resonance elastography)

‡Liver biopsy (histologic scoring systems):



METAVIR F3/F4 is equivalent to Knodell, Scheuer, and Batts-Ludwig F3/F4 and Ishak F4-5/F5-6 METAVIR fibrosis stages: F0 = no fibrosis; F1 = portal fibrosis without septa; F2 = few septa; F3 = numerous septa without cirrhosis; F4 = cirrhosis

Appendix E: Direct-Acting Antivirals for Treatment of HCV Infection

Brand	Drug Class							
Name	NS5A Inhibitor	Nucleotide Analog NS5B Polymerase Inhibitor	Non-Nucleoside NS5B Palm Polymerase Inhibitor	NS3/4A Protease Inhibitor (PI)	CYP3A Inhibitor			
Daklinza	Daclatasvir							
Epclusa*	Velpatasvir	Sofosbuvir						
Harvoni*	Ledipasvir	Sofosbuvir						
Mavyret*	Pibrentasvir			Glecaprevir				
Olysio				Simeprevir				
Sovaldi		Sofosbuvir						
Technivie*	Ombitasvir			Paritaprevir	Ritonavir			
Viekira	Ombitasvir		Dasabuvir	Paritaprevir	Ritonavir			
XR/PAK*								
Vosevi*	Velpatasvir	Sofosbuvir		Voxilaprevir				
Zepatier*	Elbasvir			Grazoprevir				

<sup>\*</sup>Combination drugs

## Appendix F: General Information

- Hepatitis B Virus Reactivation (HBV) is a Black Box Warning for all direct-acting
  antiviral drugs for the treatment of HCV. HBV reactivation has been reported when
  treating HCV for patients co-infected with HBV, leading to fulminant hepatitis, hepatic
  failure, and death, in some cases. Patients should be monitored for HBV reactivation and
  hepatitis flare during HCV treatment and post-treatment follow-up, with treatment of
  HBV infection as clinically indicated.
- For patients infected with HCV Genotype 1a with cirrhosis: Testing for the presence of virus with NS5A resistance-associated polymorphisms is recommended.
- According to the September 2017 AASLD/IDSA HCV guidance updates, Daklinza plus Sovaldi is a treatment option for patients with genotypes 1 through 6 in decompensated cirrhosis and post-liver transplantation in the allograft.
- Child-Pugh Score:

	1 Point	2 Points	3 Points
Bilirubin	Less than 2 mg/dL	2-3 mg/dL	Over 3 mg/dL
	Less than 34 umol/L	34-50 umol/L	Over 50 umol/L
Albumin	Over 3.5 g/dL	2.8-3.5 g/dL	Less than 2.8 g/dL
	Over 35 g/L	28-35 g/L	Less than 28 g/L
INR	Less than 1.7	1.7 - 2.2	Over 2.2
Ascites	None	Mild / medically	Moderate-severe /
		controlled	poorly controlled



	1 Point	2 Points	3 Points
Encephalopathy	None	Mild / medically	Moderate-severe /
		controlled	poorly controlled.
		Grade I-II	Grade III-IV

Child-Pugh class is determined by the total number of points: A = 5-6 points; B = 7-9 points; C = 10-15 points

- Acceptable medical justification for inability to use Mavyret (preferred product):
  - o Severe hepatic disease (Child-Pugh C): use of Mavyret is not recommended due to higher exposures of glecaprevir and pibrentasvir.
  - o Moderate hepatic disease (Child-Pugh B): although not an absolute contraindication, use of Mavyret is not recommended in patients with moderate hepatic disease (Child-Pugh B) due to lack of safety and efficacy data.
    - Following administration of Mavyret in HCV infected subjects with *compensated* cirrhosis (Child-Pugh A), exposure of glecaprevir was approximately 2-fold and pibrentasvir exposure was similar to non-cirrhotic *HCV infected* subjects.
    - At the clinical dose, compared to *non-HCV infected* subjects with *normal hepatic function*, glecaprevir AUC was 100% higher in Child-Pugh B subjects, and increased to 11-fold in Child-Pugh C subjects. Pibrentasvir AUC was 26% higher in Child-Pugh B subjects, and 114% higher in Child-Pugh C subjects.
  - o Drug-drug interactions with one or more the following agents:
    - Atazanavir
    - Efavirenz
- Unacceptable medical justification for inability to use Mavyret (preferred product):
  - Black Box Warning (BBW): currently or previously infected with hepatitis B virus. This BBW is not unique to Mavyret, and it applies across the entire therapeutic class of direct-acting antivirals for treatment of HCV infection. Therefore it is not a valid clinical reason not to use Mavyret.
  - O Concurrent anticoagulant therapy: Fluctuations in International Normalized Ratio (INR) have been observed in warfarin recipients who were also receiving treatment for HCV infections. This BBW is not unique to Mavyret, and it applies across the entire therapeutic class of direct-acting antivirals for treatment of HCV infection. Although caution is advised when using Mavyret while receiving concurrent anticoagulant therapy, specifically warfarin, this is not an absolute contraindication as long as patient is adequately monitored and educated during therapy.
  - o Drug-drug interactions with one or more of the following agents:
    - Rifampin, carbamazepine, or St. John's wort:
    - These drug-drug interactions are not unique to Mavyret, and they apply across the entire therapeutic class of direct-acting antivirals for treatment of HCV infection.

#### V. Dosage and Administration

Indication	<b>Dosing Regimen</b>	<b>Maximum Dose</b>	Reference
Genotype 1:	Daklinza 60 mg PO QD plus	Daklinza: 90 mg	1) FDA-approved
Treatment-naïve or	Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD for	per day	labeling
treatment-experienced	12 weeks		2) AASLD-IDSA
without cirrhosis			(updated
			September 2017)



Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose	Reference
Genotype 1, 2 <sup>‡</sup> , 3 or 4 <sup>‡</sup> :	Daklinza 60 mg PO QD plus	Daklinza: 90 mg	1) FDA-approved
Decompensated cirrhosis	Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD with	per day	labeling
(including those with	low initial dose of RBV		2) AASLD-IDSA
hepatocellular carcinoma)	(600 mg) and increased as		(updated
	tolerated for 12 weeks		September 2017)
Genotype 1, $2^{\ddagger}$ , 3, or $4^{\ddagger}$ :	Daklinza 60 mg PO QD plus	Daklinza: 90 mg	1) FDA-approved
Decompensated cirrhosis	Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD for	per day	labeling
(including those with	24 weeks		2) AASLD-IDSA
hepatocellular carcinoma)			(updated
and intolerant to RBV			September 2017)
Genotype 1, $4^{\dagger}$ , $5^{\dagger}$ , or $6^{\dagger}$ :	Daklinza 60 mg PO QD plus	Daklinza: 90 mg	1) FDA-approved
Treatment-naïve or	Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD with	per day	labeling
treatment-experienced,	low initial dose of RBV		2) AASLD-IDSA
post-liver transplantation	(600 mg) and increased as		(updated
in the allograft with or	tolerated for 12 weeks		September 2017)
without compensated			
cirrhosis			
Genotype 2 <sup>‡</sup> : Treatment-	Daklinza 60 mg PO plus	Daklinza: 90 mg	AASLD-IDSA
naïve or treatment-	Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD for	per day	(updated
experienced without	12 weeks		September 2017)
cirrhosis			
Genotype 2 <sup>‡</sup> :	Daklinza 60 mg PO plus	Daklinza: 90 mg	AASLD-IDSA
Treatment-naïve or	Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD for	per day	(updated
treatment-experienced	16 to 24 weeks	per day	September 2017)
with compensated	10 to 24 weeks		September 2017)
cirrhosis			
Genotype 2 <sup>‡</sup> or 3:	Daklinza 60 mg PO QD plus	Daklinza: 90 mg	1) FDA-approved
Treatment-naïve or	Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD with	per day	labeling
treatment-experienced,	low initial dose of RBV	per day	2) AASLD-IDSA
post-liver transplantation	(600 mg) and increased as		(updated
in the allograft with or	tolerated for 12 weeks		September 2017)
without compensated or	l cororado for 12 weeks		Septement 2017)
decompensated cirrhosis			
Genotype 3: Treatment-	Daklinza 60 mg PO plus	Daklinza: 90 mg	1) FDA-approved
naïve or treatment-	Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD for	per day	labeling
experienced without	12 weeks	ry	2) AASLD-IDSA
cirrhosis			(updated
			September 2017
Genotype 3: Treatment-	Daklinza 60 mg PO plus	Daklinza: 90 mg	AASLD-IDSA
naïve with compensated	Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD with	per day	(updated
cirrhosis	or without weight-based		September 2017
	RBV for 24 weeks		_ ^
Daklinza dose	Reduce dosage to 30 mg PO	Daklinza: 90 mg	FDA-approved
modification	QD with strong CYP3A4	per day	labeling
	inhibitors and increase to 90		
	mg PO QD with moderate		
	CYP3A inducers.		



AASLD/IDSA treatment guidelines for chronic hepatitis C infection are updated at irregular intervals; refer to the most updated AASLD/IDSA guideline for most accurate treatment regimen.

Treatment-experienced refers to previous treatment with peginterferon/RBV unless otherwise stated † Off-label, AASLD-IDSA guideline-supported dosing regimen

### VI. Product Availability

Tablets: 30 mg, 60 mg, 90 mg

#### VII. References

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- 10. Hsieh YY, Tung SY, Lee K, et al. Routine blood tests to predict liver fibrosis in chronic hepatitis C. World J Gastroenterol. February 28, 2012; 18(8): 746-53. doi: 10.3748/wjg.v18.i8.746.

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
New policy created.	12.18	N/A

#### **Important Reminder**



This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

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#### Note:

**For Medicaid members**, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

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