

Clinical Policy: Sofosbuvir (Sovaldi)

Reference Number: OH.PHAR.PPA.12 Effective Date: 01.19 Last Review Date: 12.18 Line of Business: Medicaid

Revision Log

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Sofosbuvir (Sovaldi[®]) is hepatitis C virus (HCV) nucleotide analog NS5B polymerase inhibitor.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Sovaldi is indicated for the treatment of:

- Adult patients with genotype 1, 2, 3 or 4 chronic HCV infection without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis as a component of a combination antiviral treatment regimen
- Pediatric patients 12 years of age and older or weighing at least 35 kg with genotype 2 or 3 chronic HCV infection without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis in combination with ribavirin (RBV)

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation[®] that Sovaldi is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

- A. Chronic Hepatitis C Infection (must meet all):
 - 1. Diagnosis of chronic HCV infection as evidenced by detectable serum HCV RNA levels by quantitative assay in the last 90 days;
 - 2. Confirmed HCV genotype is one of the following (a or b):
 - a. For adults (> 18 years): Genotypes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6;
 - b. For pediatrics (age ≥ 12 years or body weight ≥ 35 kg): Genotypes 2 or 3; *Chart note documentation and copies of lab results are required
 - 3. Documentation of treatment status of the member (treatment-naïve or treatment-experienced);
 - 4. Documentation of cirrhosis status of the member (no cirrhosis, compensated cirrhosis, or decompensated cirrhosis);
 - 5. Prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, infectious disease specialist or other hepatitis specialist. Consult must be within the past year with documentation of recommended regimen;
 - 6. Age \geq 12 years or body weight \geq 35kg;
 - 7. If member is \geq 18 years of age, member has at least one of the following contraindications to Mavyret (a or b):



- a. Decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Pugh B or C) confirmed by lab findings and clinical notes;
- b. Receiving treatment with efavirenz or atazanavir; *See Appendix F for additional details on acceptable contraindications
- 8. Member does not have limited life expectancy (less than 12 months) due to non-liver-related comorbid conditions;
- 9. Documentation in provider notes (must be submitted) showing that member has had no abuse of alcohol and drugs for the previous 6 months. MUST submit urine drug screen for members with history of abuse of drugs other than alcohol. Counseling MUST be provided and documented regarding non-abuse of alcohol and drugs as well as education on how to prevent HCV transmission;
- 10. Documentation of Metavir Fibrosis score, documentation of the method used and date fibrosis score was obtained;
- 11. Member is not receiving dialysis and has CrCl >30mL/min; verified by lab results including a creatinine level within the past 6 months;
- 12. Prescriber has discussed the importance of adherence to office visits, lab testing, imaging, procedures and to taking requested regimen as prescribed. Prescriber attests that member will be adherent to treatment plan;
- 13. Member's current medication list does NOT include carbamazepine, phenytoin, phenobarbital, oxcarbazepine, rifabutin, rifampin, rifapentine, St. John's Wort, or tipranavir/ritonavir;
- 14. If prescribed regimen includes ribavirin, the following criteria must be met (must meet all):
 - a. Member or member's partner(s) is NOT pregnant and is NOT planning to become pregnant during treatment or within 6 months of stopping;
 - b. Agreement that member and their partner(s) will use two forms of effective contraception during treatment and for at least 6 months after stopping;
 - c. Verification that monthly pregnancy tests will be performed throughout treatment;
 - d. Members with CrCl <50 ml/min (moderate or severe renal dysfunction, ESRD, HD) should have dosage reduced;
 - e. At the time of request, member does NOT meet any of the following:
 - 1) History of severe or unstable cardiac disease
 - 2) Diagnosis of hemoglobinopathy (e.g., thalassemia major, sickle cell anemia)
 - 3) Hypersensitivity to ribavirin
 - 4) Baseline platelet count <70,000 cells/mm3
 - 5) ANC <1500 cells/mm3
 - 6) Hb <12 g/dl in women or <13 g/dl in men
- 15. Prescribed regimen is consistent with an FDA or AASLD-IDSA recommended regimen (*see Section V Dosage and Administration for reference*);
- 16. Dose does not exceed 400 mg (1 tablet) per day.

Approval duration for Adults: up to a total of 24 weeks*

(*Approved duration should be consistent with a regimen in Section V Dosage and Administration) Approval duration for Pediatrics: 12 weeks for genotype 2; 24 weeks for genotype 3

B. Other diagnoses/indications



1. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

II. Continued Therapy

- A. Chronic Hepatitis C Infection (must meet all):
 - 1. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
 - b. Must meet both of the following (i and ii):
 - i. Documentation supports that member is currently receiving Sovaldi for chronic HCV infection and has recently completed at least 60 days of treatment with Sovaldi;
 - ii. Confirmed HCV genotype is one of the following (1 or 2):
 - 1) For adults (> 18 years): Genotypes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6;
 - 2) For pediatrics (age ≥ 12 years or body weight ≥ 35 kg): Genotypes 2 or 3;
 - 2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
 - 3. Dose does not exceed 400 mg (1 tablet) per day.

Approval duration for Adults: up to a total of 24 weeks*

(*Approved duration should be consistent with a regimen in Section V Dosage and Administration) Approval duration for Pediatrics: up to 12 weeks for genotype 2; up to 24 weeks for genotype 3

B. Other diagnoses/indications:

1. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key
AASLD: American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases
APRI: AST to platelet ratio
FDA: Food and Drug Administration
FIB-4: Fibrosis-4 index
HBV: hepatitis B virus
HCC: hepatocellular carcinoma
HCV: hepatitis C virus
HIV: human immunodeficiency virus

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

IDSA: Infectious Diseases Society of America IQR: interquartile range MRE: magnetic resonance elastography NS3/4A, NS5A/B: nonstructural protein PegIFN: pegylated interferon RBV: ribavirin RNA: ribonucleic acid



This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

| Drug Name | Dosing Regimen | Dose Limit/ |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| | | Maximum Dose |
| Mavyret [™] | Treatment-naïve chronic hepatitis C (CHC) | Mavyret: |
| (glecaprevir | infection: | glecaprevir 300 mg/ |
| /pibrentasvir) | Genotypes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 | pibrentasvir 120 mg |
| | | (3 tablets) per day |
| | Without cirrhosis: | |
| | 3 tablets PO QD for 8 weeks | |
| | With compensated cirrhosis: | |
| | 3 tablets PO QD for 12 weeks | |
| Mavyret TM | Treatment-experienced with IFN/pegIFN + | Mavyret: |
| (glecaprevir | RBV +/- sofosbuvir CHC infection: | glecaprevir 300 mg/ |
| /pibrentasvir) | Genotypes 1, 2, 4, 5, or 6 | pibrentasvir 120 mg |
| /piorentasvir) | Genotypes 1, 2, 4, 5, 61 0 | (3 tablets) per day |
| | Without cirrhosis: | (5 tublets) per duy |
| | 3 tablets PO QD for 8 weeks | |
| | 5 tablets 1 O QD 101 8 weeks | |
| | With compensated cirrhosis: | |
| | 3 tablets PO QD for 12 weeks | |
| Mavyret [™] | Treatment-experienced with IFN/pegIFN + | Mavyret: |
| (glecaprevir | RBV +/- sofosbuvir CHC infection: | glecaprevir 300 mg/ |
| /pibrentasvir) | Genotype 3 | pibrentasvir 120 mg |
| - · · | | (3 tablets) per day |
| | Without cirrhosis or with compensated | |
| | cirrhosis: | |
| | 3 tablets PO QD for 16 weeks | |
| Mavyret TM | Treatment-experienced with NS5A inhibitor | Mavyret: |
| (glecaprevir | without prior NS3/4A protease inhibitor | glecaprevir 300 mg/ |
| /pibrentasvir) | CHC infection: | pibrentasvir 120 mg |
| 1 / | Genotype 1 | (3 tablets) per day |
| | Without cirrhosis or with compensated | |
| | cirrhosis: | |
| | 3 tablets PO QD for 16 weeks | |
| Mavyret TM | Treatment-experienced with NS3/4A | Mavyret: |
| (algoprovir | 1 | |
| (glecaprevir | protease inhibitor without prior NS5A inhibitor CHC infection: | glecaprevir 300 mg/ pibrentasvir 120 mg |
| /pibrentasvir) | | 1 0 |
| | Genotype 1 | (3 tablets) per day |
| | Without cirrhosis or with compensated | |
| | cirrhosis: | |
| | 3 tablets PO QD for 12 weeks | |



Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name[®] (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name[®]) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

Appendix C: Contraindications

• When used in combination with peginterferon alfa/RBV or RBV alone, all contraindications to peginterferon alfa and/or RBV also apply to Sovaldi combination therapy.

| | · · · | Γ · 1 · | \cdot $\lambda T T \lambda U D$ | F3/F4 as Reference |
|---|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Απηρημίττι Απή | rovimate Ncorine | ς <i>Ε απιναιρηςιος</i> | μςιής ΜΕΙΑνικ | Η 1/ΗΔ ΔΩ ΚΟΤΟΥΟΝΟΟ |
| I I D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D | | Lynivaicheits | | I J/I + us Reference |
| | | | | |

| <u>appendix D.</u> | inpendix D. inperoximate Scoring Equivalences using inEmpirit 19/1 rus Rejerence | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|-------------------------------|------|---------------------------|-----------|-------|---------|-------|
| Fibrosis/ Serologic Tests* | | Radiologic Tests [†] | | Liver Biopsy [‡] | | | | |
| Cirrhosis | Fibro | FIBRO | APRI | FIB-4 | FibroScan | MRE | METAVIR | Ishak |
| | Test | Spect II | | | (kPa) | (kPa) | | |
| Advanced | ≥0.59 | ≥42 | >1.5 | >3.25 | ≥9.5 | ≥4.11 | F3 | F4-5 |
| fibrosis | | | | | | | | |
| Cirrhosis | ≥0.75 | ≥42 | >1.5 | >3.25 | ≥12.0 | ≥4.71 | F4 | F5-6 |

*Serologic tests:

FibroTest (available through Quest as FibroTest or LabCorp as FibroSure)

FIBROSpect II (available through Prometheus Laboratory)

APRI (AST to platelet ratio index)

FIB-4 (Fibrosis-4 index: includes age, AST level, platelet count)

†Radiologic tests:

FibroScan (transient elastography)

MRE (magnetic resonance elastography)

‡Liver biopsy (histologic scoring systems):

METAVIR F3/F4 is equivalent to Knodell, Scheuer, and Batts-Ludwig F3/F4 and Ishak F4-5/F5-6 METAVIR fibrosis stages: F0 = no fibrosis; F1 = portal fibrosis without septa; F2 = few septa; F3 = numerous septa without cirrhosis; F4 = cirrhosis

| Appendix E: | Direct-Acting | Antivirals for | Treatment of | of HCV Infe | ection |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------|
| rr · · · · · · · | | | | ·) · · · · · · · · · · · | |

| Brand | Drug Class | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Name | NS5A Inhibitor | Nucleotide Analog NS5B Polymerase Inhibitor | Non-Nucleoside NS5B Palm Polymerase Inhibitor | NS3/4A Protease Inhibitor (PI) | CYP3A Inhibitor |
| Daklinza | Daclatasvir | | | | |
| Epclusa* | Velpatasvir | Sofosbuvir | | | |
| Harvoni* | Ledipasvir | Sofosbuvir | | | |
| Mavyret* | Pibrentasvir | | | Glecaprevir | |
| Olysio | | | | Simeprevir | |
| Sovaldi | | Sofosbuvir | | | |
| Technivie* | Ombitasvir | | | Paritaprevir | Ritonavir |
| Viekira XR/PAK* | Ombitasvir | | Dasabuvir | Paritaprevir | Ritonavir |
| Vosevi* | Velpatasvir | Sofosbuvir | | Voxilaprevir | |
| Zepatier* | Elbasvir | | | Grazoprevir | |

*Combination drugs



Appendix F: General Information

- Hepatitis B Virus Reactivation (HBV) is a Black Box Warning for all direct-acting antiviral drugs for the treatment of HCV. HBV reactivation has been reported when treating HCV for patients co-infected with HBV, leading to fulminant hepatitis, hepatic failure, and death, in some cases. Patients should be monitored for HBV reactivation and hepatitis flare during HCV treatment and post-treatment follow-up, with treatment of HBV infection as clinically indicated.
- Gane et al. studied 10 patients treated with Sovaldi monotherapy for 12 weeks who had genotype 2 or 3 disease. The primary efficacy (sustained virologic response (SVR) at 12 weeks after therapy stopped) was much lower (60%) on monotherapy versus 100% on combination therapy.
- Acceptable medical justification for inability to use Mavyret (preferred product):
 - Severe hepatic disease (Child-Pugh C): use of Mavyret is not recommended due to higher exposures of glecaprevir and pibrentasvir.
 - Moderate hepatic disease (Child-Pugh B): although not an absolute contraindication, use of Mavyret is not recommended in patients with moderate hepatic disease (Child-Pugh B) due to lack of safety and efficacy data.
 - Following administration of Mavyret in HCV infected subjects with *compensated* cirrhosis (Child-Pugh A), exposure of glecaprevir was approximately 2-fold and pibrentasvir exposure was similar to non-cirrhotic *HCV infected* subjects.
 - At the clinical dose, compared to *non-HCV infected* subjects with *normal hepatic function*, glecaprevir AUC was 100% higher in Child-Pugh B subjects, and increased to 11-fold in Child-Pugh C subjects. Pibrentasvir AUC was 26% higher in Child-Pugh B subjects, and 114% higher in Child-Pugh C subjects.
 - Drug-drug interactions with one or more the following agents:
 - Atazanavir
 - Efavirenz
- Unacceptable medical justification for inability to use Mavyret (preferred product):
 - Black Box Warning (BBW): currently or previously infected with hepatitis B virus. This BBW is not unique to Mavyret, and it applies across the entire therapeutic class of direct-acting antivirals for treatment of HCV infection. Therefore it is not a valid clinical reason not to use Mavyret.
 - Concurrent anticoagulant therapy: Fluctuations in International Normalized Ratio (INR) have been observed in warfarin recipients who were also receiving treatment for HCV infections. This BBW is not unique to Mavyret, and it applies across the entire therapeutic class of direct-acting antivirals for treatment of HCV infection. Although caution is advised when using Mavyret while receiving concurrent anticoagulant therapy, specifically warfarin, this is not an absolute contraindication as long as patient is adequately monitored and educated during therapy.
 - Drug-drug interactions with one or more of the following agents:
 - Rifampin, carbamazepine, or St. John's wort:
 - These drug-drug interactions are not unique to Mavyret, and they apply across the entire therapeutic class of direct-acting antivirals for treatment of HCV infection.



V. Dosage and Administration

| | Indication: Adult patients with chronic HCV infection | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Drugs | Dosing Regimen | Maximum Dose | Reference | | | | |
| Sovaldi, Olysio | Genotype 1: Treatment-naive or treatment- experienced with peg-IFN/RBV patients without cirrhosis: Sovaldi 400 mg plus Olysio 150 mg PO QD for 12 weeks | Sovaldi: 400 mg/day | FDA-approved labeling AASLD-IDSA (updated September 2017) | | | | |
| Sovaldi, Olysio | Genotype 1 or 4: Treatment-naïve or treatment- experienced, liver transplant patients with or without compensated cirrhosis: Sovaldi 400 mg plus Olysio 150 mg PO QD with or without weight-based RBV for 12 weeks | Sovaldi: 400 mg/day | AASLD-IDSA (updated September 2017) | | | | |
| Sovaldi, Daklinza | Genotype 1: Treatment-naïve or treatment- experienced without cirrhosis: Daklinza 60 mg plus Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD for 12 weeks | Sovaldi: 400 mg/day | FDA-approved labeling AASLD-IDSA (updated September 2017) | | | | |
| Sovaldi, Daklinza | Genotype 1, 2, 3, or 4: Decompensated cirrhosis (including those with hepatocellular carcinoma): Daklinza 60 mg plus Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD with low initial dose of RBV (600 mg) and increased as tolerated for 12 weeks | Sovaldi: 400 mg/day | 1) FDA-approved labeling 2) AASLD-IDSA (updated September 2017) | | | | |
| Sovaldi, Daklinza | Genotype 1, 2, 3, or 4: Decompensated cirrhosis (including those with hepatocellular carcinoma) and intolerant to RBV: Daklinza 60 mg plus Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD for 24 weeks | Sovaldi: 400 mg/day | AASLD-IDSA (updated September 2017) | | | | |
| Sovaldi, Daklinza | Genotype 1-6 [†] : Treatment –naïve or treatment- experienced, post-liver transplantation with or without compensated cirrhosis: Daklinza 60 mg plus Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD with low initial dose of RBV (600 mg) and increased as tolerated for 12 weeks | Sovaldi: 400 mg/day | 1) FDA-approved labeling 2) AASLD-IDSA (updated September 2017) | | | | |



| | Indication: Adult patients with chronic HCV infection | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Drugs | Dosing Regimen | Maximum Dose | Reference | | | |
| Sovaldi, Daklinza | Genotype 2: Treatment-naïve or treatment- experienced without cirrhosis: Daklinza 60 mg plus Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD for 12 weeks | Sovaldi: 400 mg/day | AASLD-IDSA (updated September 2017) | | | |
| Sovaldi, Daklinza | Genotype 2: Treatment -naïve or treatment- experienced with compensated cirrhosis: Daklinza 60 mg plus Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD for 16 to 24 weeks | Sovaldi: 400 mg/day | AASLD-IDSA (updated September 2017) | | | |
| Sovaldi, Daklinza | Genotype 2 or 3: Treatment-naïve or treatment- experienced, post-liver transplantation with decompensated cirrhosis: Daklinza 60 mg plus Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD with low initial dose of RBV (600 mg) and increased as tolerated for 12 weeks | Sovaldi: 400 mg/day | 1) FDA- approved labeling 2) AASLD- IDSA (updated September 2017) | | | |
| Sovaldi, Daklinza | Genotype 3: Treatment-naïve or treatment- experienced with peg IFN/RBV without cirrhosis: Daklinza 60 mg plus Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD for 12 weeks (If NS5A Y93H is present, weight- based RBV should be added) | Sovaldi: 400 mg/day | 1) FDA-approved labeling 2) AASLD-IDSA (updated September 2017) | | | |
| Sovaldi, Daklinza | Genotype 3: Treatment-naïve with compensated cirrhosis: Daklinza 60 mg plus Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD with or without weight-based RBV for 24 weeks | Sovaldi: 400 mg/day | AASLD-IDSA (updated September 2017) | | | |
| Sovaldi, Zepatier [‡] | Genotype 3: pegIFN/RBV-experienced with compensated cirrhosis: Sovaldi 400 mg PO QD plus Zepatier 1 tablet PO QD for 12 weeks | Sovaldi: 400 mg per day | AASLD-IDSA (updated September 2017) | | | |

AASLD/IDSA treatment guidelines for chronic hepatitis C infection are updated at irregular intervals; refer to the most updated AASLD/IDSA guideline for most accurate treatment regimen.

† Off-label, AASLD-IDSA guideline-supported dosing regimen

Treatment-experienced refers to previous treatment with peginterferon/RBV unless otherwise stated



The use of Sovaldi in combination with peginterferon and ribavirin for the treatment of chronic HCV is no longer recommended by the AASLD/IDSA guidelines.

| Pedia | Indication: Pediatric patients (age ≥ 12 years or weighing at least 35 kg) with chronic HCV infection | | | | | |
|----------|---|-----------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Drugs | Dosing Regimen | Maximum Dose | Reference | | | |
| Sovaldi, | Genotype 2: Sovaldi 400 mg + RBV | Sovaldi: 400 | FDA-approved labeling | | | |
| RBV | for 12 weeks | mg/day | | | | |
| Sovaldi, | Genotype 3: Sovaldi 400 mg + RBV | Sovaldi: 400 | FDA-approved labeling | | | |
| RBV | for 24 weeks | mg/day | | | | |

VI. Product Availability

Tablet: 400 mg

VII. References

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- 11. Wirth et al. Sofosbuvir-Containing Regimens are Safe and Effective in Adolescents with Chronic hepatitis C Infection. 26th Annual Meeting of the Asian pacific Association for the Study of the Liver (APASL) on February 15-19, 2017 in Shangahi, China [oral GT1-3].
- 12. El-Shabrawi MH, Kamal NM. Burden of pediatric hepatitis C. World J Gastroenterol. 2013 Nov 28;19(44):7880-8. doi: 10.3748/wjg.v19.i44.7880.
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| Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals | Date | P&T Approval Date |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-------------------------|
| New policy created. | 12.18 | N/A |

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.



This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

This clinical policy is the property of the Health Plan. Unauthorized copying, use, and distribution of this clinical policy or any information contained herein are strictly prohibited. Providers, members and their representatives are bound to the terms and conditions expressed herein through the terms of their contracts. Where no such contract exists, providers, members and their representatives agree to be bound by such terms and conditions by providing services to members and/or submitting claims for payment for such services.

Note:

For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

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